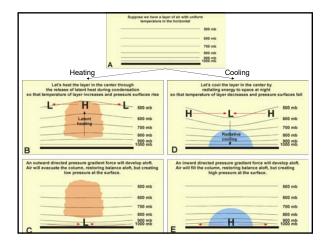


Vertical Motion

- Convergence at the surface and divergence aloft lead to <u>ascending</u> (rising) air
 - Divergence aloft must be stronger for low to develop and maintain itself
- Divergence at the surface and convergence aloft lead to <u>descending</u> (sinking) air
 - Convergence aloft must be stronger for high to develop and maintain itself
- Air moves vertically to maintain hydrostatic balance

ATMS 103



Development of Surface High and Low Pressure Systems

- Trough or ridge develops in flow aloft
- Leads to areas of convergence/divergence
 - → Pressure rises or falls at the surface
- To strengthen, convergence/divergence aloft must be stronger than divergence/convergence at surface
- Friction acts to kill the system
- Eventually friction wins and dissipates pressure systems

TMS 103

